215.43

Documenting Proof of Income Sources

Overview

Policy

Proof of income sources is required for WIC certification and must be documented in the WIC data system.

Policy reference WIC Policy Memorandum #2013-3 Income Eligibility Guidance

Examples

Examples of proof of income include:

• Pay stubs	• Income tax returns
 Copies of payroll checks 	• Signed statement by employer
• Copies of unemployment benefit checks	• Award notices (child support, alimony, foster care payment, etc.)
Business records	Other documents that establish current income

Note: W-2 Forms are acceptable proof only if presented with corresponding tax return.

Documentation

The table below describes what to do when proof of income is not presented.

If the applicant	Then
• brings proof	• document the proof provided and inform the participant that it is their responsibility to report income changes if they occur prior to their next certification appointment.

Continued on next page

215.43

Overview, Continued

Documentation,

continued

If the applicant	Then
• fails to bring proof (forgot it) and	• leave the field, "Proof," blank;
verbally declares income within guidelines	• print and complete the "Signed Statement" from the WIC data system;
	• tell participant to bring proof within 30 days in order to continue program participation;
	• schedule a return appointment in the next month; and
	• continue the assessment to determine nutrition risk. Notes:
	• The missing proof of income field will trigger the option to provisionally certify an applicant when the CPA clicks on the Certify button. Provisional certification results in one month of benefits and an automatic system alert about the need to provide proof of income within 30 days to continue receiving services.
	• A participant must provide two out of three required documents; identity, income, and residency. If the participant is missing proof of residency and income then a certification may not be completed.
• fails to bring proof (forgot it)	• issue a Notice of Ineligibility,
and	• provide a copy of the income guidelines,
• verbally declares income <i>over</i> guidelines	• advise the applicant to compare the guidelines to their proof of income, and
	• schedule another appointment if they believe they are eligible.
• cannot reasonably provide proof of income (e.g., migrant farm worker, someone who works for cash) and	 select "Affidavit" as the proof provided, and print and complete the "Signed Statement" from the WIC data system.
• verbally declares income within guidelines	

Continued on next page

02/01/16 215.43

Overview, Continued

Reports of zero income

If an applicant reports zero income, print the "Signed Statement" "from the WIC data system and ask the questions on the form.

If the applicant	Then
Identifies a source of	• Leave the field, "proof" blank,
income in response to	• tell participant to bring proof within 30 days,
the questions on the	• write an alert to follow-up, and
form	• issue only one month of food benefits.
Still reports zero	• select "Affidavit" for the proof provided,
income	• complete the section of the form about income,
	and
	• consider the applicant income eligible.

Note: Continue the eligibility assessment to determine nutrition risk.

Proration override

At the provisional certification appointment a proration override may be completed to ensure the participant has adequate benefits prior to returning to fulfill proof within 30 days.

215.43 02/01/16

Follow-up for Proof of Adjunctive Eligibility and Income

Documentation at follow-up

The following steps must be taken in order to assure proper follow-up when one month of benefits are issued based on verbal income declaration.

If the participant	Then
Provides acceptable	1. Fulfill the provisional certification by:
documentation	 Returning to the appropriate data system panel
	(Adjunctive eligibility or Income),
	 Create a new record as appropriate,
	 Record the type of proof presented,
	 Correct the income amount (as needed), and
	 Go to the Certification panel and click Fulfill Prov.
	2. Issue the remaining food benefits for the issuance period.
	Note: A proration override should not happen at the
	appointment where proof is fulfilled.
Does not bring proof or is	1. Terminate the participant using the appropriate reason:
over income	 Failed to provide proof of income at follow-up or
	 Exceeds income guidelines at mid-certification
	reassessment, and
	2. Issue a Notice of Termination.
	Note: These individuals are not required to pay back the
	benefits received for one month.

Failure to return to clinic

In a case where an applicant lacks necessary income documentation at a certification appointment and a provisional certification is issued, under no circumstances may a second, subsequent 30-day certification period be used if the applicant fails to provide the required documentation of income before the temporary certification period expires.

If the participant fails to return with proof within 30 days, a data system batch job will automatically terminate the participant with the reason, "Failed to provide proof of income in 30 days."

Continued on next page

02/01/16 215.43

Follow-up for Proof of Adjunctive Eligibility and Income,

Continued

Participants who provide proof after termination If a WIC participant returns with acceptable proof after termination:

- A new certification must be completed and
- Benefits issued for the remainder of the participant's issuance cycle.

Use of provisional certification data after termination

If the participant's provisional certification is terminated by the system and it is within 45 days of the original appointment, the data used to complete the provisional certification may be used to complete the full certification process (i.e. height, weight, hemoglobin, etc.). If more than 45 days have passed then the entire certification appointment must be completed with new data.

215.43 02/01/16

This page is intentionally left blank.